CUBANS WANT ANNEXATION.

Colonel Bliss Discusses Reciprocity Before Committee.

NO DISTRESS ON THE ISLAND.

Collector at Hayana Declares Reduction on Spring Toriff Is Imperative.

Means Committee of the House yesterday on the question of reciprocity with Cuba, Cel. Tasker H. Bliss, collector of customs at Hayana, made a statement in direct defiance of the reports coming daily from Cuba as to the distressed condition of her people.

Colonel Bliss said in answer to a ques tion from Chairman Payne:

No Distress in Cubn.

"There is no distress in Cuba at present. Everyone who is willing to work has it. It has been months since I have seen a beggar in the streets of Havana." The committee seemed to be completely astonished at this information, for hardly a day has passed that they have not received cablegrams from all parts of Cuba practically claiming that poverty and want were rife all over the island, Colonel Bliss did say, however, that he would not answer for the conditions in Cuba should there not be a lowering of the tariff on

sugar. He showed by some carefully prepared figures that Cuba bought \$66,000,000 ports, only \$28,000,000 of which went to the United States. The United States, it seems, has a practical monopoly of such articles as fresh beef and railroad iron, but on many other articles, amounting to \$45,000,000, the United States was only benefited to the extent of \$10,000,000.

Spaniards Loaning Money.

The witness stated that the majority of the merchants in Cuba were Spaniards, United States. and that they made a practice of loaning money on sugar estates

In a report to General Brooke in 1895 Colonel Bliss reported that, in his opinion, the removal of all duties on Cuban exports would have but little effect on importations from the United States. But since that time he has changed his mind, giving as a reason in replying to a question from Representative Newlands that constant intercourse with the peo-ple of Cuba had changed his mind. ple of Cuba had changed his mind.
"Did you not say in 1900," persisted Mr.
Newlands, "It was almost impossible to
accomplish anything in changing a native sentiment that resisted the
purchase of goods in the United States?"
The colonel said he had, but for many

s thought otherwise at present. Would Welcome Annexation.

Colonel Bliss said that he thought Cuba would welcome annexation to the United | the Chino-Japan war. States, whether she came in as a State or Territory: in fact, she would accept anything for the sake of recognition. He said that this sentiment existed among all China. Trade, he declared, would follow classes in Cuba, Spanlards as well as natural conditions.
Cubans, the exception being among a certain class of Cuban politicians.
In following Colonel Bliss, Sener Louis for a half-hour's t

Place made so witty and satirical a speech in defence of his position as head of the Cuban delegation that it left a doubtful gations in favor of exclusion.

Impression on the committee as to whether the senor regarded the matter at Issue as a light and airy matter, or considered, as one Congressman remarked after the hearing, "That the Cubans had a cinch winning their fight."

with a fascinating and at the same time an amusing accent. His gasticulations are characteristic of his race, and bor. The Chinaman would and could work talking at a railroad rate, he kept the

Committeemen Applaud Place.

When he finished in a perfect whirl wind of sareasm Chairman Payne lead his colleagues in the applause, thumping vigorously on the table where he was

Senor Place said that he had never realized what an important country Cub was until he had attended the hearings o

"I feel now, gentlemen." he said. "w one big people, so afraid is every-of Cuba. Yes, she will ruin mes-s, the sugar beet gentlemen; messieurs the sugar cane gentlemen, those grandees of Louisiana. And as for her clears, she ships to many to the United States every year. Thirty million, ch! That only allowed two cigars to each man

Everybody laughed at this. You expect wonders of Cuba," he continued, his face expressive with irony over his jampot collar. "You expect us, pouff! to blow in a tube—out comes sugar ting-a-ling ring a bell, out comes cigar. He said it seemed to him the objection of reciprocity with his country was not so much on account of the Cubans as the

Sugar Trust. He was succeeded by Senor Mendoza he continued the merriment, when he

described the character of Cuban politi

"They are not like yours," he said, bow-ng very gravely to Chairman Payne. They do not own money like politicians

The hearing will be resumed on Tues-

CONGRESS TO DESIGNATE.

Resolution Regarding Acting Pres. ident Favorably Reported.

The Senate Committee on Judiciary yesterday agreed to report favorably the joint resolution introduced by Senator Hoar providing for an amendment to the Constitution, placing in the hands of Con-gress the power to designate some one to act as President of the United States in case of the disability of both the President and Vice President

The resolution is as follows:
"In all cases not provided for by article clause 5, of the Constitution, where there is no person entitled to discharge the duties of the office of the President. the same shall devolve upon the Vice President. The Congress may by law pro-vide for the case where there is no per-son entitled to hold the office of President Vice President, declaring what office shall then act as President, and such officer shall not accordingly until the dis-ability shall be removed or a President shall be elected."

Salt Rheum

You may call it eczema, tetter or milk But no matter what you call it, this skin disease which comes in patches that burn, itch, discharge a watery matter, dry and scale, owes its existence to the presence of humors in the system. ors in the system.

It will continue to exist, annoy, and perhaps agonize, as long as these hi It is always radically and permanently

Hood's Sarsaparilla which expels all humors, and is positively unequalled for all cutaneous eruptions.

RIFLE CLUBS WANTED.

Secretary Root Will Ask Congres for an Appropriation.

Secretary Root had a conference yes terday with several National Guard officers relative to a project for the formation of national rifle clubs. The plan, as yet, is incomplete, but will probably be worked out in a few days, and a bill presented in Congress providing for an anund appropriation

The plan contemplates the organization of rifle clubs throughout the country, and an allotment of ammunition and rifles, and the establishment of national ranges. It is desired to form the clubs of men who have not time to devote to a regularly organized National Guard, and who do not care to participate in the ordinary militia drill. It is proposed, also, At the hearing before the Ways and to have records kept at the War Department of the state of efficiency of the clubs so that the Secretary of War will always have at hand information as to what the clubs are accomplishing in the work of instructing citizens in target

ANTI-CHINESE MEN GIVEN A HEARING

Opponents of the Law Declared to Be Mercenary.

ARGUMENTS OF THE LABOR MEN

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs yesterday granted the first hearing to the advocates of the Chinese exclusion bill.

Mr. E. J. Livernash, the editor of the "San Francisco Examiner," was the first speaker.

He devoted some time to discussing the status of the Chinese in the Philippines. He thought they could by law be also excluded from entering the islands; certainly from emigrating from there to the

The Financial Interests.

He arraigned those who advocated a liberal Chinese law, declaring that the railroad companies, the Pacific Mail and others, had direct financial interests which prompted them to advocate admission of the Chinese. He also replied to the arguments of former Secretary Fos-

Speaking of the effect which exclusion might have on our trade with Chira, Mr. Livernash cited the instance of Japan's ittitude toward China. He said the Japs had gone into the Flowery Kingdom with shot and shell, whipped the Chinese and ended by taking over Formosa. Yet notwithstanding that fact, Japanese trade in China had increased manyfold since

No III Effect on Trade,

Exclusion, he said, would have no ill effect upon our commercial relations with

Mr. Samuel Gompers, the president o the American Federation of Labor, asked for a half-hour's time in which to set

ment the committee hear the statements of the representatives of labor on the Const.

Chinese as Skilled Laborers. Senor Place is a stout, well-groomed fellow, with a face more of the German type than the Cuban. He speaks English garmakers Union, declared that it was a with a fescinating and at the same mistake to state that the Chinaman would compete only against unskilled la- Congressmen Do Not View at all trades. In San Francisco now, he said, they make the great bulk of the ladies' underwear made on the Coast They work at job printing and in other skilled trades.

He gave his personal experience in the cigar making industry. Their competition was deadly to the American eigar maker.

JUDGE ANDERSON'S NOMINATION.

Favorable Report From Committee

Expected Enrly This Week, The subcommittee on Judiciary of the Sanuto has not yet determined the case of Justice Anderson of the District Su- sary. preme Court, whose nomination is before the Senate for confirmation.

The Judiciary Committee was in ses sion yesterday, but did not take up Justice Anderson's case. The matter is in ing of Senator Hoar, Nelson, and Pettus. It is predicted that the committee will report the nomination favorably early this week

NOMINATION STILL HELD UP.

General Metcalfe's Responsibility for Killing of Filipinos.

The Senate Committee on Pensions still has under consideration the case of Gen Wilder S. Metcalfe, who has been nominated as pension agent at Topeka, Kan, The subcommittee which is investigat-

ing the matter has a large amount of evidence in its hands upon both sides of the controversy as to whether General Metcaffe did or did not kill certain Fili-

The fact has been established that the prisoners were killed, and that nothing was done to punish the guilty parties. The question now to be decided is General Metcalfe's responsibility in the mat-

It is probable that the subcommittee will make a partial report tomorrow, and that the matter will be still further in-

vestigated BASIS, TALKED-TO-DEATH BILL.

How Committee Will Frame River and Harbors Measure. The House Committee on Rivers and

Harbors concluded public hearings on the bill vesterday, after hearing delegations relative to the rivers of Alabama.

Next week the committee will begin work on the framing of the bill, taking asure which was talked to death

School Boys See President.

Forty-five bright-looking youngsters tudents in the two upper forms of the Haverford College Grammer School, near Philadelphia, were received by the Presiient yesterday. They were headed by the head master of that institution, Mr. C. S. Prossman, and by Mr. F. A. Dakin, They tre in Washington on a sight-seeing tour.

To Investigate Indian Land Leases The Senate Committee on Indian Affairs has authorized a favorable report upon Senator Rawlins' resolution authorizing that committee to investigate the

FORECAST OF THE WEEK IN CONGRESS.

The Philippine Tariff and Army Appropriation Bills the Most Important Business.

The Senate this week will continue its consideration of the Philippine tariff bill, and the House will take up the army appropriation bill. The Committee on Appropriations has been working upon this measure for the past week, and practically all of the items have been agreed upon. It will be printed by Tuesday, when the committee will go over it again, and it will doubtless be reported on that day and taken up for consideration on Wednesday.

The bill will carry an appropriation of about \$90,000,000, which is several millions less than the original estimates of the Secretary of War, and about \$23,000,000 less than the appropriation at the last session, as it only provides for an army of about 83,000 instead of 100,000 men.

Tomorrow will be District day in the House, and there are two and possibly three measures to be acted upon.

The Indian appropriation bill from the Committee on Indian Affairs will probably not be reached this week. The Committee on Territories has had several hearings, and these bills will be brought up as soon as possible.

The bill prepared by Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma, making a State of that Territory and certain parts of Indian Territory, is the first of the measures that the Committee on Territories is now wrestling with.

The Moon bill, granting ordinary territorial rights to the Indian Territory, is up before the committee, as well as the Curtis bill. which grants the same Territory a Governor, Secretary, several Territorial officials, and a delegate in Congress.

Mr. Curtis claims that his measure is better for the Territory than the measure evolved by Mr. Moon, because it will, if passed, cost the Territorial treasury only \$20,000 a year, as compared with the expenditure of \$150,000 required by the other, which calls for full Territorial machinery.

After this week the House will take very few holidays. The big appropriation bills are to be pushed through, one after the other, and Cuban, Philippine, and Chinese matters will follow.

The Pacific Cable question will appear before long, and with penny postage, irrigation, and coinage bills, and the Crumpacker scheme to cut down the representation of the South, it would seem that enough work is planned for the members to keep them out of mischief for many months to come.

Because the Democratic opponents of the Administration's Philippine programme in the Senate were not ready to state their objections, in the form of speeches, last week, the Philippine tariff bill has had little attention paid to it. This week, however, it will

Senator Lodge has given notice that he will press it every day. Senator Culberson is expected to lead off 4pmorrow, and he will be followed by Messrs. Dubois, Carmack, and Teller, on succeeding

The Republicans are not going to take much part in the debate. They are anxious to pass the bill as soon as possible, and they will leave it to the Democrats to do the talking.

After the transaction of morning business, such as the introduction of bills, petitions, etc., the rest of the time up to 2 o'clock will be given to the further consideration of the measure creating the new Department of Commerce. The Philippine bill will occupy each afternoon.

Taken as a whole, this session will hear a great deal more spread-eagle eloquence than last. The Fifty-sixth Congress expired on March 4, and business had to be hustled through. This year the statesmen have plenty of time at their disposal, and the Fourth of July may explode over their heads before the end of the first session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, -

. Proposition With Favor.

The House Committee on Military Affairs yesterday completed its rough draft of the army appropriation bill, which will

REPRESENTATIVE KAHN'S VIEWS

probably be reported Tuesday. The bill carries about \$10,000,000, a reduction of about \$25,000,000 from the last bill. This is largely due to the fact that instead of providing for 100,000 soldiers an enprepriation for but \$2,000 is neces-

The recommendation of Secretary of War Root that the army transport servfee be abolished was disapproved by the ommittee. The bill will carry an appropriation of \$25,000,000 for the transportathe hands of the subcommittee, consist- tion of troops and supplies, to include army transport service from San Fraucisco, Seattle, and New York.

Transport Sale Disapproved.

The proposition to dispose of the Unitof States transports and to depend upon private steamship corporations for the Bill Introduced in Interest of Atransportation of troops in the future does not meet with general approval in Congress. It is argued that the United States paid much larger sums for the vessels in the first instance than could be secured should they be offered for sale, and that, in addition to this, hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended in fitting them up for the service in which they are at present used. These expensive fittings would prove a drawhack to their sale unless they should be sold to some corporation which would keep them solely for transport service,

Representative Kahn's Views. Representative Kahn of California is ne of the most pronounced members from the Pacific Coast in his outspoken oppo-

So long as we have soldiers in the Philippines," said Mr. Kahn vesterday, "we shall have bodies of sick troops to bring back to this country. In private steamers it would be almost impossible to secure for these sick men the care which they must have in the long voyage across the Pacific. Then, too, it is known that steamship owners invariably pack their steamers to the limit of their capacity, and we should find on occasion that 400 men are crowded into spaces carcely large enough to properly care

for half that number.

"This Government would do better, i seems to me, to retain the vessels now owned, even if they have to be laid up our of commission for long periods when not needed. It is certainly anything but an economical policy to sell vessels for much less than they cost, when we may find our selves compelled to secure others at short notice. It must not be forgotten that it uld take a long time to fit up new ves sels for transport service. The question of disposing of the vessels of the transport service has been broached, but Congress must act before anything can be done, and from what I can learn the Military Committee is not disposed to look favorably upon the project."

Hill to Buy.

Mr. Kchn's views are generally endorsed by the Pacific Coast members, who for some reason take more interest in this subject than those from any other section of the country. There is a re- adjourned over until tomorrow.

port here that Mr. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railroad, is anxious to buy all of the transports now in use be-tween the Pacific Coast and the Phillip-pines, the object being to run a line in onnection with the railroad.

Mr. Hill's plans, if he really has any, are unknown here, and officials of the War Department declare that no movement in this direction has yet been made.

IN INTEREST OF STATEHOOD.

Several Prominent Territorians Call at the White House.

Covernor Murchy, of Arizona, who has been prominent for a week or two in the campaign for Statehood for Arizona, called on the President yesterday. The Governor was accompanied by Judge Webster Street, of Phoenix.

Dennis Flynn, Delegate from Oklahoma, put in an appearance with half a dozen citizens of the Territory who want Statehood badly, in tow. They were Mr. A. A. Seny, ex-Governor of Oklahoma; Mr. Joseph Meiberger Col. H. E. Havens Mr. J. M. Dodson, Mr. J. L. Pancoast, and W.

Chaplain G. E. Collier, U. S. A., who s brigade chaplain of the same com-William McKinley were members during the civil war, also called on Mr. Roose-

President Garfield appointed Chaplain poor or other officer, with paid a ants, who disburse food and fuel Collier to his present position.

FOR AN EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

tendants at Hospital for Insanc. Representative Mudd has introduced a bill to regulate the hours of service and compensation of attendants at the Government Hospital for the Insane in the

The bill provides: "That eight hours in any one calendar day shall constitute one day of service, and it shall be the duty of the superintendent of the asylum and the Secretary of the Interior to see that this provision of law is executed; that as soon as pracdicable after the pussage of this act, the superintendent of the said Government Hospital for the lusane, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, shall make regulations providing for commutation for rations and quarters for all of such attendants as may now by law, or by the rules governing the asylum. be required to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day, and the said commutation for rations and quarters shall be paid to attendants in money, in addition to the pay that they now receive, and there shall be no reduction of salaries because of the decrease of hours of inbor-per day provided by this act, for any inin the time required for promo tions as provided by the regulations a this time in force, as to time of service and pay of employes and promotions at

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL. House Committee Expected to Rec.

ommend Appropriation. The House Committee on Rivers and Harbors yesterday completed its hearings on the river and harbor appropriation bill, and will take up the work of drafting the bill on Monday. It is estimated the original draft will carry about \$60,000,000, which will be cut by the committee to about \$40,000 000. It is intended the bill shall be fected as soon as possible and be through the House at an early date.

Legislative Bill Not Considered. Owing to the illness of Representative Hemenway, the subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations having charge of the legislative bill did not resume consideration of that measure yesterday, but

APPEAL FOR AID FOR CITY'S POOR

Charity Associations Issue an Emergency Call.

FUNDS ARE GREATLY NEEDED.

Members of the Finance Committees Speak to Every Public-Spirited Citizen.

The Associated Charities and the Citiens' Relief Association have Issued an emergency appeal through the public press of the city, in which it is the desire of the members of the finance committees of both associations to speak frankly to every public-spirited citizen

of the National Capital. The appeal is signed by Mr. James E. Fitch, chairman, and Messrs. George M. Sternberg, George Truesdell, John Joy Edson, and Rudolph Kauffmann, finance committee, Citizens' Relief Association; Mr. Archibald Hopkias, chairman, and Messrs, Henry F. Blount, Frederick L. Moore, Thomas W. Smith, and S. W. Woodward, finance committee, Associated

Charities. Text of the Appeal. The nature of the appeal is herewith

given in full: "It is obviously unjust that 600 or 700 subscribers, out of over 278,000 people in this city, should be required to bear the entire burden for relief work and reentire burden for relief work and redemptive philanthropy which concerf and
benefit this entire community. Three or
four hundred people in average years,
and six or seven hundred in the year of
our blizzard, have generously assumed
this whole civic responsibility, though
few of these donors were wealthy, and
many were in very moderate circumstances. With so few supporters the
work cannot grow, improve and attain
the standard set by other modern cities.
We should do more than equal the best
among 200 cities of America and Europe
in which similar organizations have been in which similar organizations have been established; the National Capital of the United States should lead and set a high standard of excellence for other munici-

Financial Needs Pressing.

"At present our financial needs are urgent. Our work will have to be cut down and calls for help, which should be met, will have to be refused, unless we can oon secure a sum of money almost equal to all we have collected since our fiscal year began November 1. Both the Asso-ciated Charities and the Citizens' Re-lief Association depend entirely upon vol-

untary contributions.

"Hundreds of citizens who would not think of avoiding their just share of public taxes have as yet felt no sense of responsibility for this inclusive charity work, and public service. Yet, these two associations benefit every member of the community by relieving distress which would weaken productive power, by pre-venting pauperism, which would destroy good citizenship, by bringing resourceful cople into touch with neglected families by improving conditions of life in the poorfest neighborhoods of Washington, and by steadily building up wholesome, useful citizens out of weak, unfortunate, friendless people, who would otherwise be parasites upon the body politic.

Causes of Distress. "It is not only during a blizzard or it exceptionally cold winters that destitute families require help. Sickness is even more prevalent in warm than in cold sea-gons, and sickness, as shows by last year's statistics, is the predominating HEAVY SNOWSTORM

cause of distress "There were 645 widows aided last year, and widowhood is not limited to wintry weather. Neither are lack of employcharity, indeed, is needed throughout the

"Compared with previous years in amount of money necessary for the Ass ciated Charities and the Citizens' Relief Association is small. In some winters Washington has expended \$50,000 for mere material relief, and administered it s carelessly that more harm than good re-

General Pauperization Saved. "At present Washington is the only large city of this country in which all the administrative expenses and personal work of the general private relief liety, corresponding to the Citizen's R lief Association, is added to the regular functions of the Associated Charities Moreover, these two societies, working in close unity here, hear all the burden of public relief work which in the majority of cities is shared, sometimes by the po lice and usually by the supervisor of the

public funds. "In Washington the expense, not to mention the general pauperization always attendant upon this aimsgiving from public funds, in all saved. In these and other ways the Associated Charities and the Citizens' Relief Association represent

cash saving to the community of \$15,000 to \$30,000 yearly.

To Promote Self-Help. "The main consideration, however, fr the minds of charitable people is to be assured that the right thing is done in every case of distress-done promptly

privately, sensibly, with sympathic conideration and personal kindliness. "Upon these grounds the Asso Charities and the Citizens' Relief Asso ciation appeal with special confidence, be-cause their entire work has been planned with an eye single to relieving distress and promoting self-help with that delicacy, sympathy, and inspiring confi-dence which one would manifest in helping a brother or a friend. There is n ted tape. There are no formal rules. Each case is treated upon its own merits, and the sole purpose is to secure for each distressed individual or family adequate treatment, the basis of an adequate un-derstanding of his needs and resources."

could give \$600 yearly, enough to maintai one worker in the field. Many could subscribe \$50 to each of the two associations Others may only be able to give 50 cents "Anyone may become a member of the Associated Charities by subscribing \$5 or yearly. Each is asked simply to giv be himself considers to be his shar

"Some residents of the National Capital

of this important relief work and public "Contributions may be sent to the Cen tral office of the two associations, 8H C Street northwest (Mr. Charles F. Weller general secretary), or to Mr. John Joy Ed-son, treasurer of the Associated Charities, address, Washington Loan and Trust Company, or to Mr. Beriah Wilkins, who is ver of the Citizens' Relief Associa-

Prof. Frank Parsons, of Boston University, will preach at the People's Church in Typographical Temple this morning at 11:15 p'clock. "Great Movements of Our will be his subject. Prof. sons has just returned from Europe, where for several months he has pursue:

NORTHERN PACIFIC CASE

Governor Not Considered Probable.

The entire Congressional delegation from Washington called at the White House vesterday and asked Presiden toosevelt to instruct the Attorney General to take an appeal in the case of the United States vs. the Northern Pacific Railway, involving the title to several thousand acres of land in Clark County,

The decision of the District Court was adverse to the United States, and will necessitate the removal from the lands of a large number of homesteaders. It is hardly likely that the President It is hardly likely that the Fresham will direct an appeal, inasmuch as the Attorney General holds that the case was covered by another celebrated case, which was decided adversely to the United

AN ARTISTIC DOCUMENT.

Report of Parking Commission to Be Handsome Volume.

of the most artistic document which has been issued by the Government Printing Office will be the report of the Parking Commission. In this volume, which will be bound in cloth, there will

be numerous half-tone cuts to illustrate the proposed improvements in the District of Columbia.

"The volume," Senator McMillan said yesterday, "will soon be issued from the Government Printing Office, and its district. tribution be made by Senators and Representatives."
The volume will contain the report of

the Senate Committee on the District of Columbia on the commission's plans. The illustrations accompanying the report will be the same as those which have been on exhibition at the Corcoran Art Gallery. Copies of the complete volume can be secured only through personal requests.

HANNA SAW ROOSEVELT.

enutor and Postmaster General Payne Had Long Talk With Him. Senator Hanna and Postmaster General Payne, chairman and vice chairman, respectively, of the Republican national committee, held such a long conference with the President at the White House yesterday that some people who were kept waiting in the ante-room surmised that they were outlining a Roosevelt campaign

for 1904.

The subject under discussion was not divulged. Senator Hanna left first and then Mr. Payne took up the subject of a large number of prospective postoffice appointments with the President. or 1904.

GUESTS OF MR. AND MRS. LEITER British and German Ambassadors Attend Banquet.

Mr. and Mrs. Leiter entertained at dinner last night the British Ambassador Hospital, was reported unchanged last and Lady Pauncefote, the German Ambassador, Herr von Holleben; the Ausbassador, Herr von Holleben; the Austrian Minister and Baroness Hengelmuller, Senator and Mrs. Foraker, Senator and Mrs. Depew, Senator and Mrs. Allison, Representative R. R. Hitt, Commander and Mrs. Cowies, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh, of Chicago: Mrs. Richard Town-Veagh, of Chicago: Mrs. Richard Town-send, Miss Daisy Leiter, Miss Leiter, and Mr. Hauge. ous condition, no one is permitted to see her. Dr. Atkinson and other physicians may have another consultation tomorrow

CLEVELAND'S SUMMER HOME. Will Go to Buzzard's Bay Again This

Year. BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Jan. 25. Grover Cleveland and his family will pass the coming summer at Gray Gables, according to the reports received here by one of his neighbors, and not in the Berkshire Hills, where he went last sea-

Mr. Cleveland and his family have always enjoyed the best health while bere They will remain until late in the fall.

OVER ALL NORTHWEST

Temperature Very Low in a Number of Places.

SNOWS MAY PREVENT BLIZZARD

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.-The weather reports this morning show heavy snowtorms in Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas,

and Minnesota.

Northwest but snows West and Southwest may slietrack today's scheduled cold of Ja At 7 o'clock this morning the mercury was 16 to 26 below in the extreme North: I above to 16 below in the Dakotas and

There are very low temperatures in th

Minnesota; 8 below to 24 above in Nebraska and Icwa; 19 to 28 above in Kan-gas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio.

New Willard-John W. Griggs, Paterson, N. J.; Colgate Hoyt, New York; Se ward Heidelbach and wife, Cincinnati; A. Y. Ford, Louisville; Walker D. Hines, Louisville; W. C. Huston, Louisville; C. S. Gleed, Topeka; M. F. Molly, Cincinnati Beers, New York; E. A. Simpson and wife Toronto; H. C. Leeds, Boston; J. L. Fox and wife, Hartford, Conn.; Harry Hearn, Chicago; E. Howard, Boston; A. G. Bullock, Worcester, Mass.; E. L. Bonnor and wife, Montana; H. S. Andersor

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Florida: P. Kraft, Manila, P. L. The Raleigh-J. H. Pope and wife, Bu on, Mass.; Paul Reiss, St. Louis; John F. Draur, Pittsburg, D. A. McDonald an wife, San Francisco; A. E. Hoxsie and wife, Nome, Alaska; W. S. Hughes, New wife, Nome, Alaska; W. S. Hughes, New Orleans; Alexis Crane, New York; J. H. Budd, Stockton, Cal.; J. St. George Bryan, Richmond, Va.; John Keating, Maryland; J. D. Kyle, Springfield, Ohio; J. P. Martin, Springfield, Ohio; Lewis Earle, New York; A. H. Jamison, Buffalo; R. C. Paster and wife, New York; G. L. Gay, Spokane; J. F. Dravo, Pitisburg; J. W. Stokes, New York; S. M. Lloyd, Virginia,

The Arlington-W. A. Page, Chicago; W. E. Stone, New York; Robert Good, Chicago; Mrs. Thomas R. French, New York; Miss Eva Knoch, Germany; Marcus R. Mayer, New York City; Walter E. Adams Harry H. Holmer, Boston; J. R. Wood, Pniladelphia; D. P. Kingaley, New York; Frank L. Lowden and wife Chicag Howard, Mrs. E. O. Lord, Mrs. E. H. Rich ardson, Boston.

Rollo Ogden, New York; E. P. McKlasick, North Carolina; Miss Sinclair, Philadel-phia; John W. McCarthy, Miss B. S. Orcutt, New York; E. B. Alsoy, Pennsylvania; A. D. Ferguson, New York City; R. J. Plumb, Connecticut; A. B. Farquanar Riggs House-Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Taylor Ohlo; H. S. Boughton, New York, G. P. McGinnis, Indianapolis; Ellis L. Jackson, Baltimore; Mrs. C. P. Jones, Texas; C. W.

The Shoreham-Mrs. M. Eaves, St. Louis

cott, Philadelphia, Pa.; Carl B. Coe, Den er: Mr. Palmer. Ebbitt House-N. R. Fairfax, Viccinia D. L. Russell, North Carolina; John Q Sloan, New York; Milton E. Jones, IIinois; J. R. Deen, New York; M. G. Maples, Montana; Mrs. M. G. Maples Montana; James P. Richardson, Tennes see; Miss Ida Richardson, Tennessee Miss Mattie Jordan, Tennessee: Miss Beatty, Tennessee: C. I. Melery and wife Indianapolis: Frank E. Newman, Phila-delphia; John Smith, New Yor.

MINERS AMBUSH AN ELECTRIC CAR.

Shots Exchanged, and One Man Wounded.

FIRED FROM THE DARKNESS

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 25,-The ast car on the inter-urban line beween this city and Brazil was attacked by a number of miners in ambush near Seleyville, eight miles east of here, at 7:30 o'clock last evening, and one miner was shot in the fight which followed. The assailants opened fire from the

darkness of the woods when the car stopped to switch, and broke a number of windows. The motorman, his assistant, and the

conductor returned the fire, and fortyfive shots were exchanged.

Guy Higgerman, a miner, was shot in the thigh, but not dangerously wounded. Names of members of the attacking party have been secured.

TAKOMA CLUB GATHERING. President Shoemaker Entertains

the Officers and Directors. President Louis P. Shoemaker, of the Takoma lub and Library, last night entertained at his esidence the officers and directors of the club an informal gathering.

The occasion was rather a social one, but the The occasion was rather a social one, but the prosperity of the club and its bright outlook were chief among the pleasing topics of conversation. The plans of the organization for a bowling alley have been matured, and the contract for its crection was aigned yesterday. An extension is being built to the clubbouse for the accommodation of the alley by the owner of the building, an officer and preminent member of the organization. The alley will cost in of the organization. The alley will cost in

of the organization. The alley will cost in excess of 8000, and the extension of the building about \$1,000.

The club now has more on one bundred members, nearly forty having been admitted during the past two months. It is in a flourishing condition financially, with money in its tressity and no delte. The organization is the only one of its kind in the District, and has proven an especial attraction of Takoma since it was founded, only a little more than a year ago.

Mr. Shoemaker's reception last night was in a way in honor of the final arrangement of the bowling alley plans.

MRS. DENNIS NO BETTER. Detectives Still Have No Clew to

Her Assailant. The condition of Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, who lies unconscious at Garfield night. No decided belief is held by physicians that she can recover.

Detectives working on the mystery of the assault upon Mr. Dennis have nothing at all in the nature of a clue to

developed on which they may make a promising investigation. While Mrs. Dennis is still in a precari-

Struck by Falling Walls. While engaged Friday in supervising the tearing down of the old building at the corner of Eleventh and G Streets northwest, to make room for Woodward & Lothrop's new building, Charles E. San-ford was struck by the falling walls and badly injured. He was removed to his home, 931 G Street southwest. Mr. Sau-ford is thirty-five years old.

DIED.

KOSACK-EDWARD C. KOSACK, JR. Funeral services to be held at Lee Chapte londay, 3 o'clock. donday, 3 o'clock. ml SCHOENBORN—On Friday, January 24, 1982, 4 9:50 p. m., after a short illness, AUDUST G. CHOENBORN. Funeral at his late residence, 133 D Street bottheast, at 1:30 p. m., Monday, January 27, ml BEALL—Suddenly, at 3 a. m., on January 27, ml BEALL—Suddenly, at 3 a. m., on January 24, 502, OWEN A. BEALL, beloved husband of Ida beal) in the first Beall, in the forty-first year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, 1014 M Street
southeast, at 10 o'clock a. m., January 28, 1902.
Friends and relatives invited to attend. Interment at Linham's, Md.

1125 p. m., BARBARA KATHERINA LINDNER, widow of the late Michael Lindner. Funeral service will be held Tuesday, January 28, 1992, at 2 p. m., Wheeler Road, Congress Heights, Relatives and friends respectfully in-vited to attend.

LINDNER-OR Friday, January 24, 1902, at 1:25 p. m., BARBARA KATHERINA LINDNER,

SPECIAL NOTICES. OFFICE OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAG TELEPHONE COMPANY—A dividend of \$1 per share will be payable ON THE 27TH DAY OF JANLARY, 1902, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on the 17th day of Janu-ary, 1902, at the office of the treasurer of the company, 610 14th st. nsw., Washington, D. C. The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of January to the 27th of January, inclusive, U, 2007, 1907, 1907, 1907, 1907, 1907, 1907, 1907, 1907, ja16,17,18,19,21,21,25,27

PROF. FRANK PARSONS, of Boston University at the People's Church. See People's Church NOTICE—The patrons of the confectionery and catering husiness of George T. Budd & Co., 510 9th st. nw., are hereby informed that the business will be continued as usual, netwithstanding the death of George T. Budd. m25-2

GENERAL MEETING of the stockholders of

the Columbia Pulverizing Company will be held at the office of the Company, 123 South Royal st., Alexandria, Va., AT 10:30 A. M., ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1992. By order of the Board of Directors, constituting a majority of the stockholders. R. B. DONALDSON, LOUIS BEVER, JR., President. Secretary, 1422-20t

EDUCATIONAL. National University Law Department SCHOOL OF FEDERAL ADMINISTRATIVE IAW.

(Spring term.) Eugene Carost, LL. D., Dean.

COURSE I.—Governments Contracts and Claims.

Prof. George A. King. Ll. M.

COURSE II.—Military Law and Courts-martial.

Prof. George B. Davis, Judge Adv. Gen., U.S.A.

COURSE III.—Organization, Jurisdiction of Interior

Department and General Land Office. Prof.

Frank L. Campbell (Asst. Secretary Dept. In
terior). Asst., Prof. Samuel V. Proudit (First.

Asst. Autornes).

terior). Asst., Prof. Samuel V. Freduck, Asst. Alborney).
COURSE IV-Organization, Jurisdiction, Practice,
U. S. Dept. of Treasury, Prof. Milton K.
Alles (Asst. Secretary of Treasury).
RULLDING.

OPENS MARCH 3, 1902, COLLEGE BUILDING, 816 13TH ST. N. W. School of Practice and Summer Law Course

For catalogue, etc., apply to 418 5th at. nw., Washington, D. CHAS. F. CARUSI, THE SHOREHAM

(For supplement and review.)
OPENS JUNE 22, 1902.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN. Sanquet Hall to rent for wedding receptions musicales, dances—at reasonable rates RESTALBANT FAMOUS FOR ITS CHISINE. After-Theatre Suppers Specialty. A "Club Supper" will be served from 19 to 13 o'clock p. m. Table d'hote at \$1.00 each in La-dies Kestaurunt.

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